

May 25, 1951

Dr. Joshua Lederberg
Department of Genetics
University of Wisconsin
Madison, Wisconsin
U. S. A.

Dear Dr. Lederberg:

I am very interested to read your useful review
titled with " Bacterial Variation " published in the
Ann. Rev. Microbiol., Vol. 3., 1949.

Since several years ago, I have also been studying
on the antigenic variation in Trypanosoma gambiense,
a species of the protozoas. With our devised method,
I recently succeeded in clearly demonstrating the
interesting phenomenon that the permanent variation
(inneritable antigenic variation, unchangeable vari-
ation by transfers through mice) was induced in vitro
within as short time as 15 or 20 minutes after these
organisms were exposed to the correspondent antiserum.
Therefore, it is no doubt that the antigenic permanent
variation were able to induced in Trypanosoma gambiense.
Of course, any fission was excluded during this obser-
vation, because all the course of variation were easily
followed under the microscope.

This variation was very likely to that observed
in the Paramecium aurelia by Prof. Sonneborn, however
he had failed to ascertain the important fact that the
inneritable (plasmagenic) variation was able to occur
in Paramecium without regarding to their fission.

If it is not too troublesome, I would like for you
to send me your reprints already published in the field
of Bacterial Variation. I will also send you our rep-
rints on the antigenic variation in Trypanosoma gambiense
and the other protozoas when they are published.

Trusting the favour of soon hearing from you and
making future exchanges, I am,

Faithfully yours,

1920
22
23

Recently I have been
making exchange with
Prof. Sonneborn. I discuss
the possibility of permanent
variation in the
antigenic variation in T. gambiense.

Shozo Inoki

Shozo Inoki, M.D.
Assistant Professor

Department of Microbiology, Osaka University, Japan